1. **How many of those incarcerated in the DC Jail during 2017 and 2018 were placed in segregation?**

   In FY 2017, there were 1,713 unique persons held in restrictive housing (Administrative, Disciplinary or Protective Custody housing unit).

   In FY 2018, there were 1,781 unique persons held in restrictive housing (Administrative, Disciplinary or Protective Custody housing unit).

2. **How many of those incarcerated in the DC Jail during 2017 and 2018 were placed in restrictive housing? What percentage of the jail population does this represent?**

   In FY 2017, approximately nine percent of total days housed for all individuals who were in custody at CDF and CTF were in restrictive housing units; 15 percent of all bookings resulted in restrictive housing unit placement; and 17 percent of unique individuals were in a restrictive housing unit at some point during their stay.

   In FY 2018, approximately eight percent of total days housed for all individuals who were in custody at CDF and CTF were in restrictive housing units; 15 percent of all bookings resulted in restrictive housing unit placement; and 17 percent of unique individuals were in a restrictive housing unit at some point during their stay.

3. **What was the average length of stay?**

   In FY 2017, the average length of stay in restrictive housing units was 13.1 days.

   In FY 2018, the average length of stay in restrictive housing units was 16.6 days.

4. **Of those placed in restrictive housing, how many have been diagnosed with mental illness? What was their average length of stay?**

   In FY 2017, approximately 25 percent were diagnosed with an active mental illness of any kind; 78 percent of those diagnosed with a mental illness in restrictive housing were diagnosed at some point after their RHU stay began. The average length of stay for those with active diagnoses of mental illness who were housed in RHU was 12.3 days (slightly lower than the 15.33 days on average for all RHU stays that year).

   In FY 2018, approximately 36 percent were diagnosed with an active mental illness of any kind; 66 percent of those diagnosed with a mental illness in restrictive housing were diagnosed at some point after their RHU stay began. The average length of stay for those with active
diagnoses of mental illness who were housed in RHU was 15.5 days (slightly higher than the 14.7 days on average for all RHU stays that year).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year in RHU</th>
<th>Any Active MI Diagnosis in FY 2017 or FY 2018</th>
<th>Average length of stay</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FY 2017</td>
<td>445</td>
<td>12.3 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY 2018</td>
<td>611</td>
<td>15.5 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. **How many pregnant women were placed in restrictive housing during 2017 and 2018?**

No pregnant women were placed in restrictive housing during FY 2017 or FY 2018.

6. **How many placed in restrictive housing in 2017 and 2018 tried hurt to themselves?**

In FY 2017, there were 24 cases of self-injurious behavior in RHU, including 45 suicide gestures, 18 suicide attempts, and 2 critical attempts.

In FY 2018, there were 15 cases of self-injurious behavior in RHU, including 48 suicide gestures and three suicide attempts.

7. **How many tried to take their lives? How many succeeded?**

In FY 2017, 155 alerts were placed indicating risk of suicide for individuals housed in restrictive housing at any point during their stay; one inmate committed suicide while in restrictive housing.

In FY 2018, 297 alerts were placed indicating risk of suicide for individuals housed in restrictive housing at any point during their stay; no individuals committed suicide while in restrictive housing.

Please note that the suicide alerts mentioned above may have been triggered at any point during the individual’s DOC stay, not specifically when they were housed in a restrictive housing unit.

8. **How many placed in restrictive housing in 2017 and 2018 were released directly to the community?**

In FY 2017, 326 individuals were released directly to the community from restrictive housing after an average of 10 days of restrictive housing; 195 (60%) of these were court-ordered released after an average of seven days in restrictive housing. Of the remaining, 131 were released upon expiration of sentence or paroled; of these, 68 (52%) were released from
protective custody after an average of 15 days of stay (please note, protective custody may provide communal recreation in many cases).

In FY 2018, 260 individuals were released directly to the community from restrictive housing after an average of 14 days of restrictive housing; 119 (46%) of these were court-ordered released after an average of 8 days in restrictive housing. Of the remaining, 141 were released upon expiration of sentence or paroled; of these, 73 (52%) were released from protective custody after an average of 19 days of stay (please note, protective custody may provide communal recreation in many cases).

No individuals were released directly to the community (or to any other destination) from restrictive housing in FY 2019.